Examining Urban Outdoor Water Usage within the Colorado River Basin

Nicholas Guthro
University of Colorado Boulder

Aditi Bhaskar University of Colorado Boulder

20 October 2023



Note: From *Financing the Future: How to Pay for Turf Replacement in Colorado* by Western Resource Advocates (2022)

The Colorado River Basin provides over 40 million people with water for municipal use

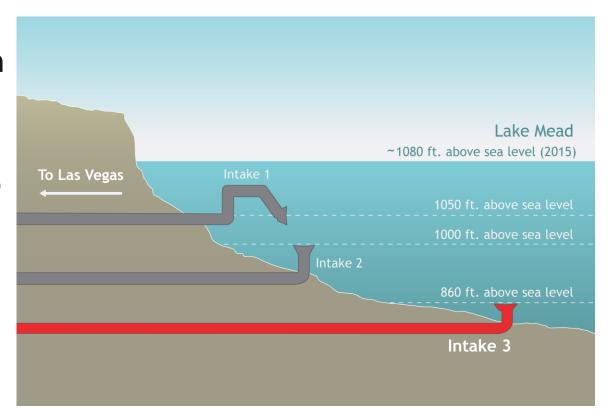
- Outdoor water use is estimated to be over 50% of total residential use in the summer months
- The EPA estimates that the average American Family uses 100 Gallons of water per day for outdoor uses



Note: From *Colorado River Basin Water Supply and Demand Study* by US Bureau of Reclamation (2012)

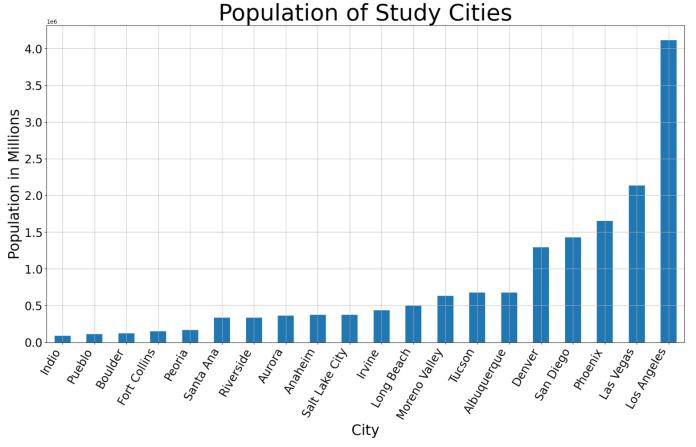
Many Cities Within the Basin are Investing in Ensuring their Supply and Reducing Usage

- Las Vegas installed a third intake valve in Lake Mead at a cost of almost a billion dollars
- Appliance retrofit, turfgrass replacement, and watering restrictions are all being implemented by cities within the Colorado River Basin



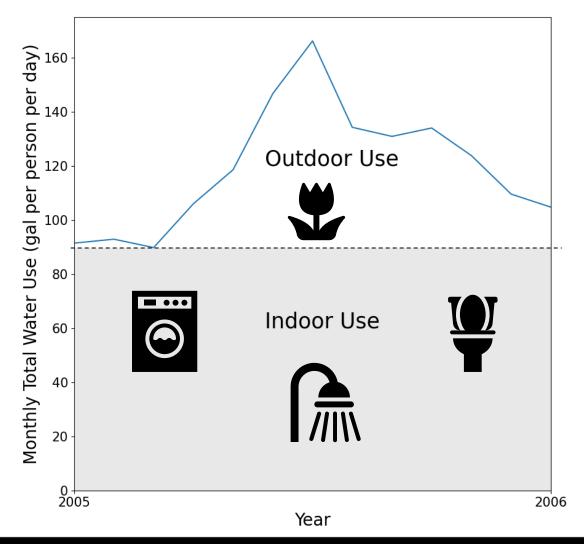
Over Thirty Cities' Water Use Data was Compiled and Analyzed

- Monthly water billing data for 36
 cities was used to characterize the
 residential uses of water
- Seven cities (Los Angeles, Riverside, Phoenix, Denver, Las Vegas, Fort Collins, and Boulder) were chosen for this presentation

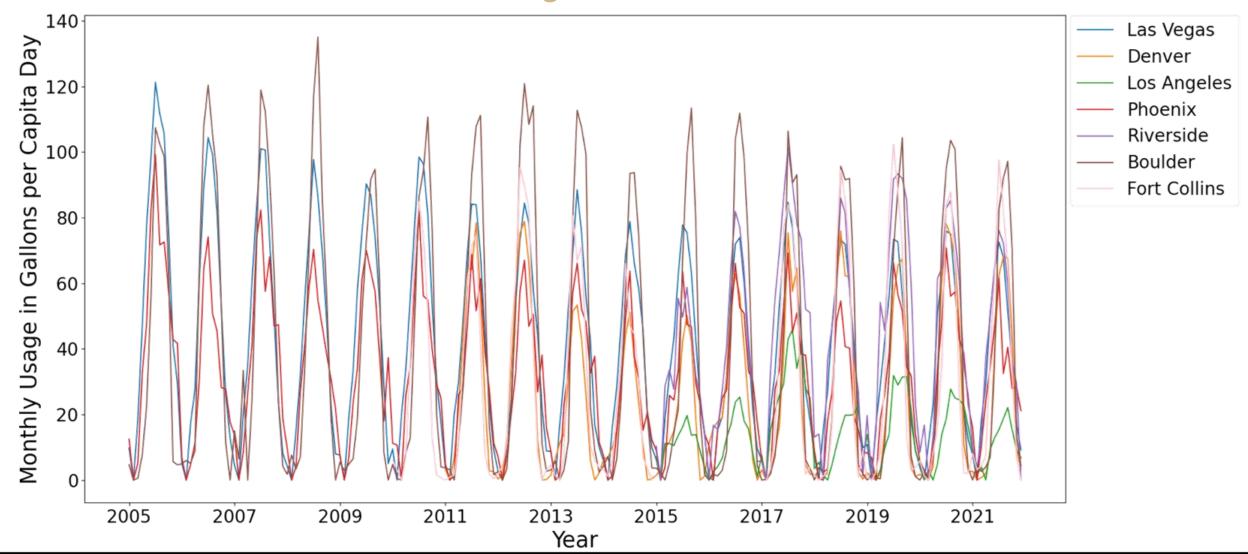


Traditional Outdoor Water Usage Estimation

- Determining that the month with the lowest water usage is the baseline of indoor water usage for the entire year
- Removing the minimum water usage from all other months to obtain outdoor usage
- Has limitations in climates with warm winters where outdoor irrigation can occur year-round



Traditional Outdoor Water Usage Estimation



Flume Data

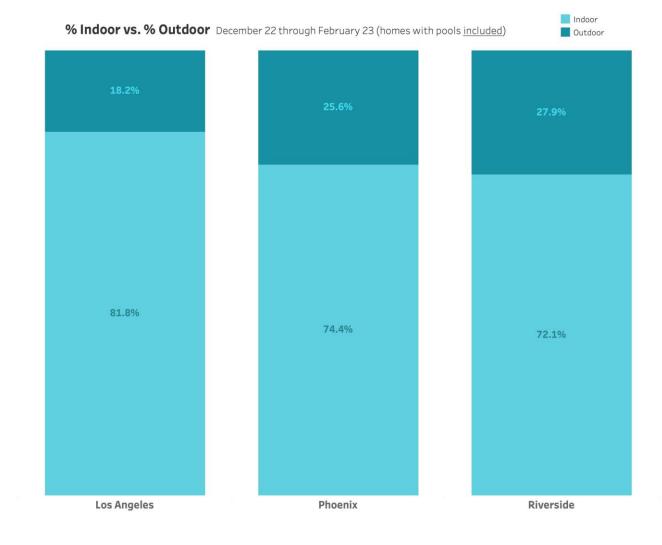
- Smart metering devices that track usage on a fine scale
- Uses AI and Machine Learning to determine what appliances are using water
- Outdoor/Indoor usage percentages available for Los Angeles, Phoenix, and Riverside



https://flumewater.com/product/?gad=1&gclid=Cj0KCQjw4bipBhCyARIsAFsieCy9Nnt lyJ1x7j1gwrfgtUfLGKCEC4-nP7Atm2K4UfELkDWr6oDAG50aAjQoEALw_wcB

Flume Data

- Smart metering devices that track usage on a fine scale
- Uses AI and Machine Learning to determine what appliances are using water
- Outdoor/Indoor usage percentages available for Los Angeles, Phoenix, and Riverside



Cities in Warmer Climates saw a Large Increase in Predicted



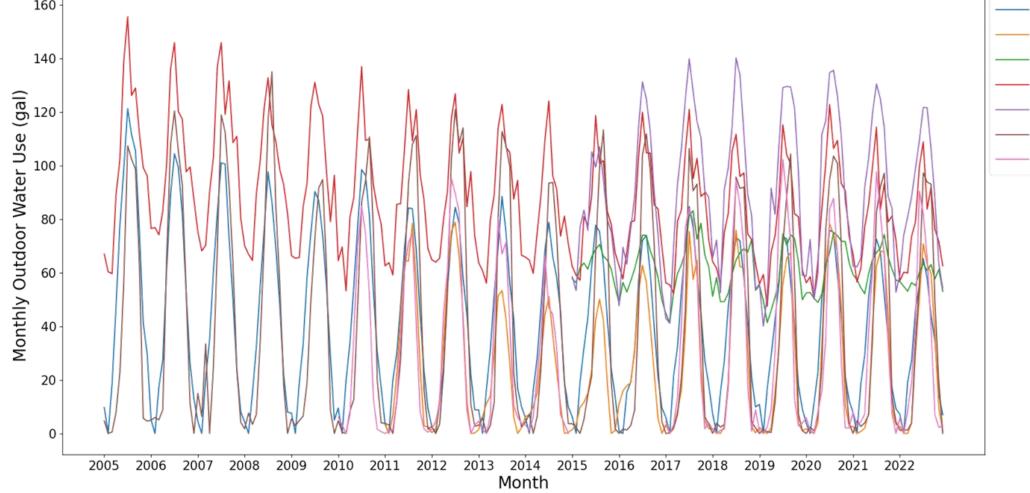
Las Vegas Denver

Los Angeles

Phoenix

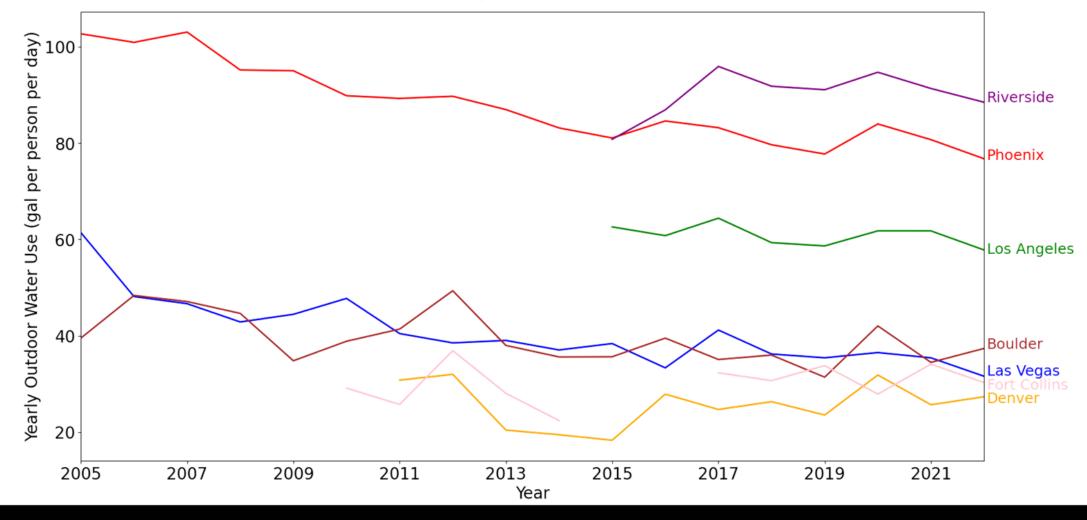
Riverside Boulder

Fort Collins

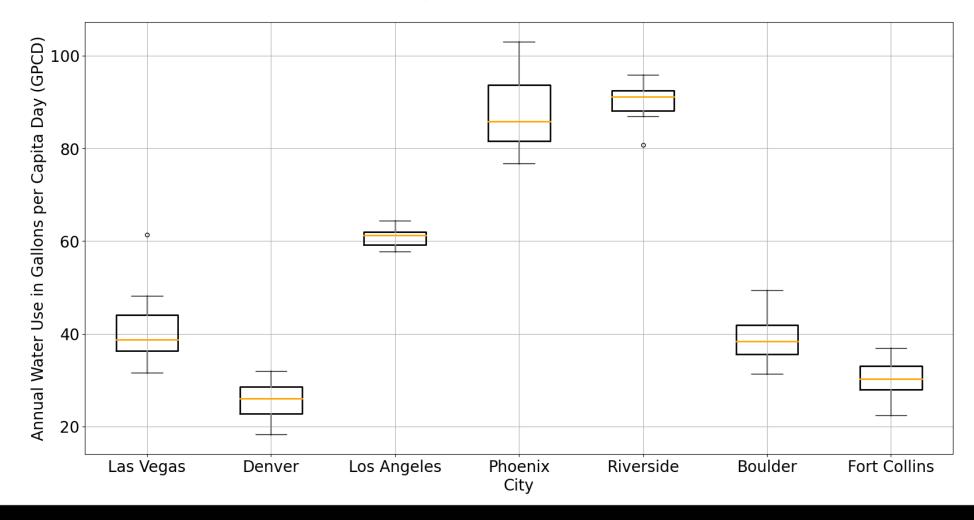




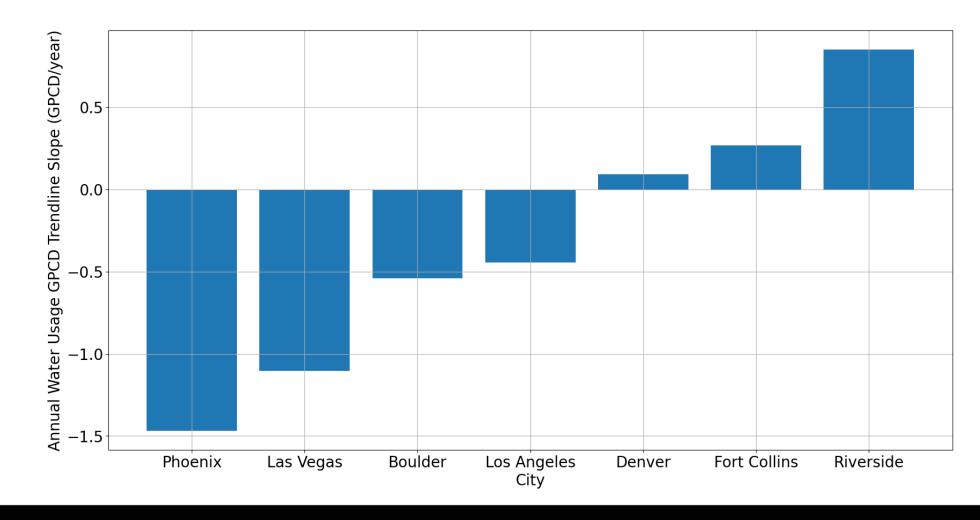
Cities in Warmer Climates saw a Large Increase in Predicted Residential Outdoor Water Usage



Cities in Warmer Climates saw a Large Increase in Predicted Residential Outdoor Water Usage



Cities in Warmer Climates saw a Large Increase in Predicted Residential Outdoor Water Usage

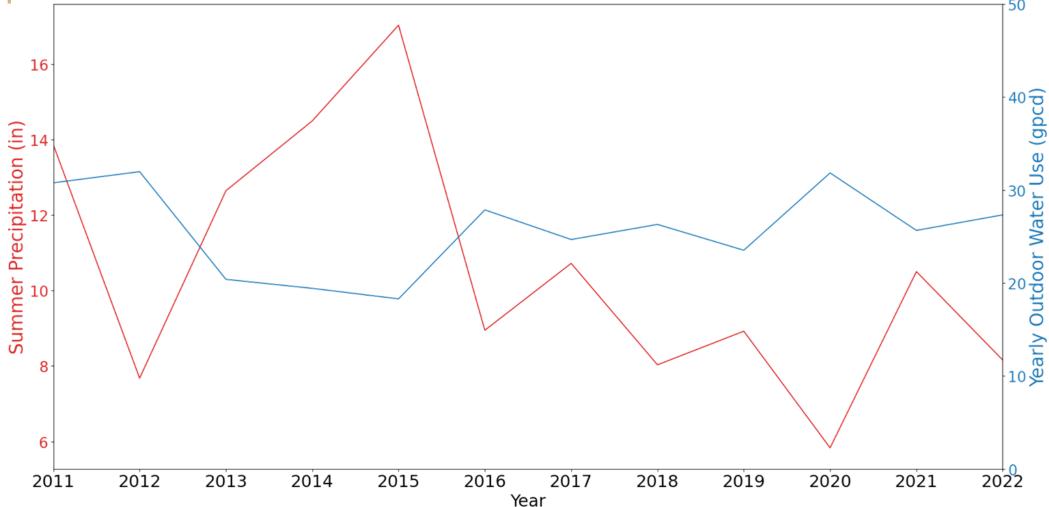


Examining Explanatory Variables that can affect Outdoor Residential Water Usage in Denver

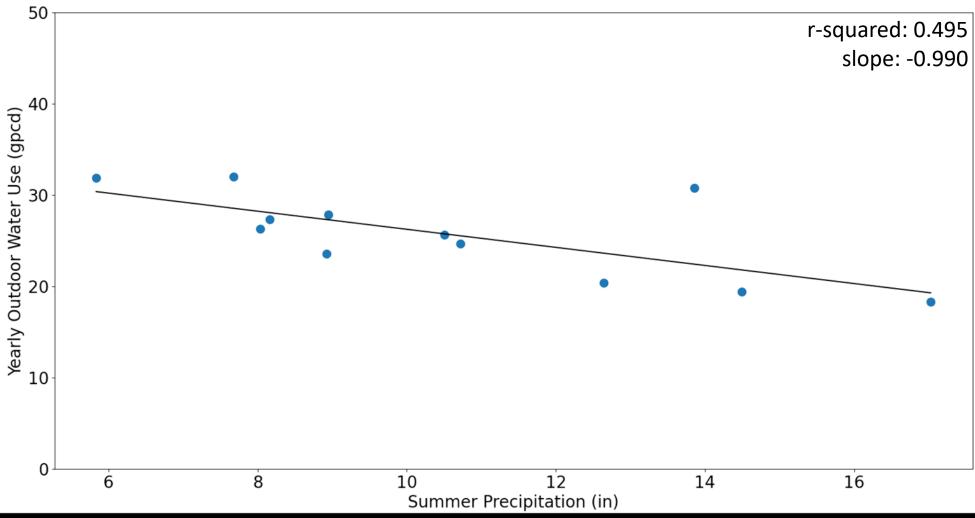
- Used PRISM Climate Data to obtain monthly Precipitation and Mean Temperatures
- Using only half of the year (April-September)
- Water Rates taken from Denver Water Annual Reports
- Found the monthly cost of 1,500 cubic feet of water (an AWWA benchmark)

Denver's Outdoor Water Use was Driven by Precipitation and

Temperature between 2011 and 2022



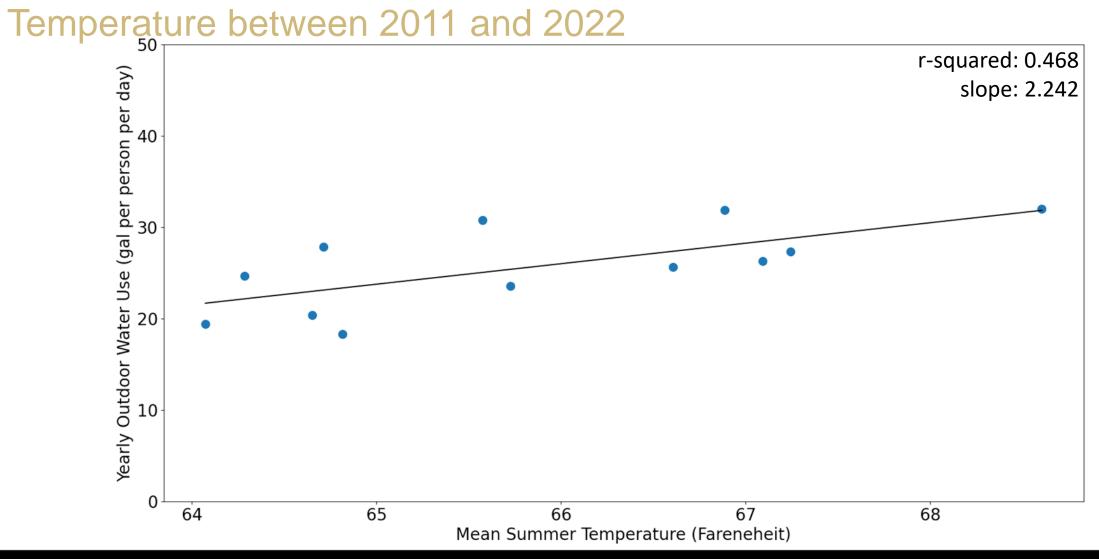
Denver's Outdoor Water Use was Driven by Precipitation and Temperature between 2011 and 2022



Denver's Outdoor Water Use was Driven by Precipitation and Temperature between 2011 and 2022



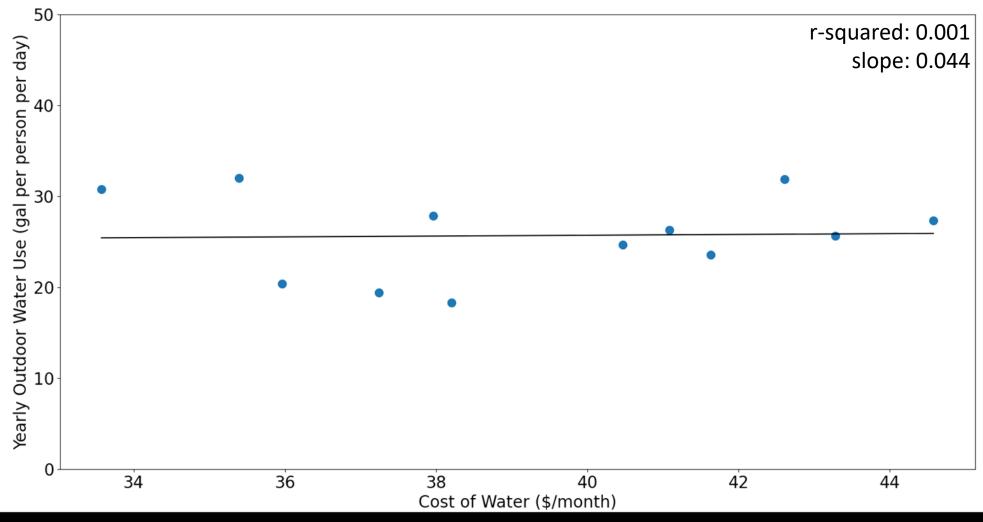
Denver's Outdoor Water Use was Driven by Precipitation and Tomporature between 2011 and 2022



Denver's Outdoor Water Use was Driven by Precipitation and Temperature between 2011 and 2022

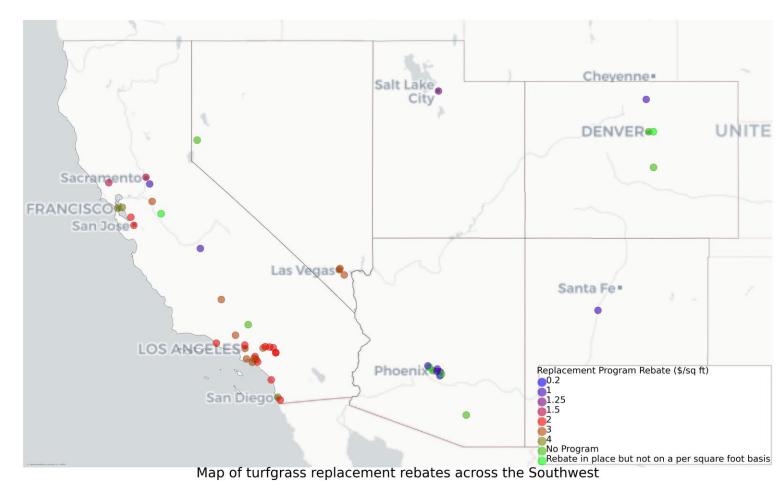


Denver's Outdoor Water Use was Driven by Precipitation and Temperature between 2011 and 2022



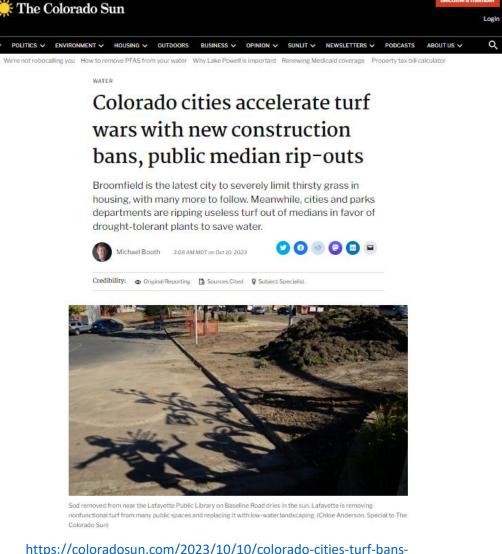
Potential Future Work Quantifying the water savings from Turfgrass Replacement Programs

- "Cash For Grass"
 Replacement programs
 have become more
 prevalent in the
 Southwest
- Heavy adoption of these programs by Southern
 California



Potential Future Work: Quantifying the water savings from Turfgrass Replacement Programs

- Slow implementation by cities within Colorado
- Many cities have begun to introduce these programs



https://coloradosun.com/2023/10/10/colorado-cities-turf-bans-grass-removal/

Potential Future Work

- Examining the effectiveness of water conservation policies in the Colorado River basin
- Using different methods to estimate outdoor usage (remote sensing of the environment)
- Modeling the effect of past changes in policy, climate, population, and water rates

References

- Chinnasamy, C. V., Arabi, M., Sharvelle, S., Warziniack, T., Furth, C. D., & Dozier, A. (2021). Characterization of Municipal Water Uses in the Contiguous United States. Water Resources Research, 57(6), e2020WR028627.
 https://doi.org/10.1029/2020WR028627
- Mini, C., Hogue, T. S., & Pincetl, S. (2014). Estimation of residential outdoor water use in Los Angeles, California.
 Landscape and Urban Planning, 127, 124–135. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.landurbplan.2014.04.007
- Opalinski, N. F., Bhaskar, A. S., & Manning, D. T. (2020). Spatial and Seasonal Response of Municipal Water Use to Weather across the Contiguous U.S. JAWRA Journal of the American Water Resources Association, 56(1), 68–81.
 https://doi.org/10.1111/1752-1688.12801
- United States Bureau of Reclamation. (2012). Colorado River Basin Water Supply and Demand Study.
 https://www.usbr.gov/watersmart/bsp/docs/finalreport/ColoradoRiver/CRBS_Executive_Summary_FINAL.pdf
- Water Resource Advocates. (2022). Financing the Future: How to Pay for Turf Replacement in Colorado.
 https://westernresourceadvocates.org/publications/financing-the-future-how-to-pay-for-turf-replacement-in-colorado/

Thank You! Questions?

