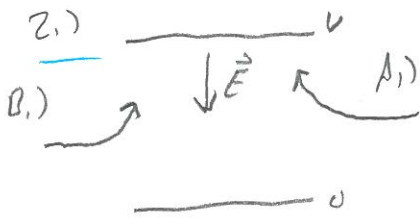
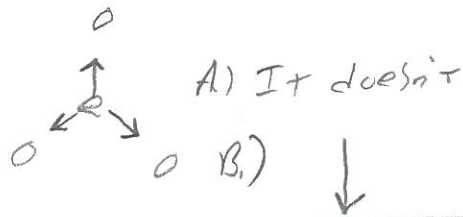


1.7 =



need $kE_F > 0$ C.)

$kE_I = \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2$

$W_{done} = -q\Delta V$

$= -k\Delta V = kE_F - kE_I$

this is negative

or $-|e|V = eE\Delta x = \Delta KE$

So $|e|V = kE_I - kE_F$

$eE\Delta x = kE_F - kE_I$

need $kE_I > kE_F + |e|V$

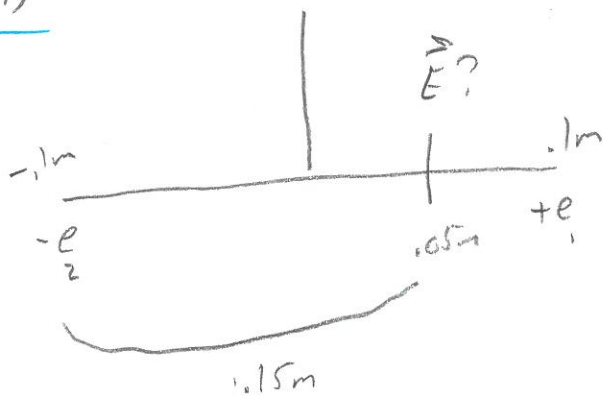
$kE_I > eE\Delta x$

or $kE_I > |e|V$

For $V_{final} = 0$

3.) $\rho = \rho_0(1 + \alpha \Delta T)$ $R = \rho \frac{L}{A}$ $\frac{L}{A}$ changes

1.)



$|\vec{E}_1| = \left| \frac{ke}{(0.05m)^2} \right| = \left(5.76 \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{N}{C} \right)$

$\vec{E}_1 = 5.76 \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{N}{C} \hat{x}$

$|\vec{E}_2| = \left| \frac{ke}{(0.15m)^2} \right| = \left(6.4 \cdot 10^{-8} \frac{N}{C} \right)$

$\vec{E}_2 = 6.4 \cdot 10^{-8} \frac{N}{C} \hat{x}$

A) $\vec{E} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2 = \left(6.4 \cdot 10^{-8} \frac{N}{C} \right) \hat{x}$
To the left

B.) $\vec{F} = m\vec{a} = -e\vec{E} = (1.02 \times 10^{-25} \text{ N})_x$ $\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{F}}{m_e} = 1.1 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$
 To the right

C.) $\vec{F} = m\vec{a} = 2eE = (-2.05 \times 10^{-25} \text{ N})_x$ $\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{F}}{2m_p} = 66.3 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$
 To the left

#7.) A.) $C = \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d} = 1.1 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ F}$

B.) $CU = Q$ $E = V \rightarrow V = Ed = 2.4 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ V}$
 $= 26.6 \text{ C}$

3.) $\Delta KE = -q\Delta V$ $V_i = \frac{k(2\mu\text{C})}{1\text{m}}$ $V_f = \frac{k(2\mu\text{C})}{101\text{m}}$

$V_f - V_i = k \cdot 2\mu\text{C} \left[\frac{1}{0.5} - \frac{1}{1} \right] \text{ Volts} = 18,000 \text{ Volts}$

A.) $\Delta KE = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 = -(-e) \cdot \Delta V = 2.88 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ J}$

B.) $V_f = 8 \cdot 10^7 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = 2.88 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ J}$

4.) $R = \frac{\rho L}{A} = \frac{1.7 \cdot 10^{-8} \cdot 100 \cdot 10^3}{8 \cdot 10^{-5}} \Omega = \frac{21.25 \Omega}{R_{old}}$ $\Delta V = IR = 21250 \text{ Volts}$

A.) $V_f = 500\text{KV} - 21250\text{V} = 478750 \text{ Volts}$

B.) $P_{lost} = I^2 R = I \Delta V = 2.125 \cdot 10^7 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{s}}$

C.) $R_f = R_0(1 + \alpha \Delta T) = 21.25 \Omega (1 + 3.9 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 20) = 22.9 \Omega$

$P_{lost} = I^2 R = 2.29 \cdot 10^7 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{s}}$